#### October 23rd, 2022AM – Pastor Kevin Olivier <u>Nehemiah 10:32-39</u> – "Give for the Work of the Ministry"

- A. I am not a fan of preachers riding hobby horses. There is a whole lot of history behind this saying.
  - 1. To ride one's hobby horse was to frequently or incessantly talk or complain about a topic or issue of excessive interest.
    - a. Every preacher has his interests & even favorite doctrines. Favorite interests need to be reined-in or greatly restricted in preaching.
    - b. The Protestant heritage of preaching through books of the Bible prevents this.
  - 2. In God's providence, as we go through God's Holy & inspired Wd as given to Nehemiah, the Lord Almighty has something to tell us about giving tithes & offerings for work of the church.
- B. All this giving had to do with thanksgiving. These saints were obedient in giving because they were thankful for what God had done for them through Nehemiah as governor & wall-builder.

God calls you to give for	I. VARIOUS TYPES OF GIVING
the work of ministry.	II. EXPIRED & CONTINUED GIVING
	III. THE MOTIVATION OF GIVING

## I. VARIOUS TYPES OF GIVING

A. According to many different verses in today's text, note the wide variety of what was given:

- 1. "Shekels" or money for "all the work of the house of our God" (vv32-33).
- 2. Wood for the altar (v34)

3. The first fruits of the ground & every tree; the firstborn of the herds & flocks & their sons (<u>vv35-36</u>).

- a. That included the first of their dough coming from grain
- b. Wine & oil
- B. Much of the nature of giving at this time in the OT was because of their agricultural society & its associated economy.
- C. For the young people who may not have a job yet because you are in school, today's text has a good application for you.
  - 1. When you grasp the gospel & what God has given to you in Christ, I hope you have a desire to give something in return out of gratitude.
    - a. The mentality of some may be to say, I long to give one day when I graduate college & get my 1<sup>st</sup> job.
    - b. Today's text tells us that you don't have to wait that long.
  - 2. Some of the giving involved service rather than money, grain, fruit, or even cattle.
    - a. There was wood that needed to be gathered, cut, & split for the altar.
    - b. You would delight the deacons if you could ask them if there is something you could help with on the church property.

### II. EXPIRED & CONTINUED GIVING

- A. Some of giving mentioned here is no longer required because it was tied to the ceremonial law.
  - 1. We should no longer give wood for an altar because we no longer have burn sacrifices.
    - a. Jesus died on the cross as the final, perfect, sinless lamb of God— the ultimate & final sacrifice for sinners who put their faith in Him.
    - b. After the cross of Christ, to burn an offering on an altar is a blasphemy before God
  - 2. Giving first fruits of grain, oil, wine, & animals were all for the sacrificial system; this was above the giving of a tithe or 10<sup>th</sup> of their increase.
    - a. Their firstborn sons which were to be given to God were to be redeemed by giving money according to Scripture<sup>1</sup>
    - b. Apart from the wine which was poured out, the rest of these offerings were to be burned. For these reasons, there are no longer any first fruits offerings required.
    - c. Dave Ramsey made a practical application of the first fruits language & how it should guide our giving of tithes to God. He wrote, "... you should give *first* before you do anything else with your money."<sup>2</sup>
- B. Even though some areas of giving have expired because the ceremonial law has been fulfilled in Christ, the giving of tithes or a tenth remains.  $\rightarrow 2^{nd} \frac{1}{2}$  of <u>v37</u>
  - 1. The word tithe means a 10<sup>th</sup>. It is a 10<sup>th</sup> of your increase or earnings. <u>Malachi 3:8</u> says that not tithing is to rob God & break the 8<sup>th</sup> commandment.
  - I met a minister who believed that pastors were somehow exempt from giving tithes. I don't think he used this text to justify his practice because <u>v38</u> says clergy gave a tenth or tithe as well. → <u>v38</u>. The Levites had to give a tithe of the tithe.

# III. THE MOTIVATION OF GIVING

- A. In v32, it says "We also placed ourselves under obligation to contribute..."
  - 1. This is part of the people signing an agreement in renewal of their covenant with God.
  - 2. The motivation of making such an obligation or commitment was God's law.
    - a. Their motivation for keeping up with the wood necessary to burn on the altar was according to the law of God.
    - b. Not just this matter of wood, but all their giving was their desire to do **"as it is written in the law"** as mentioned there in <u>v34</u>.
- B. I love the motivation to give at the end of <u>v39</u>. They said we gave as a commitment so that "we will not neglect the house of our God."
- C. <u>Neh 12:44</u> mentions still yet another beautiful motivation to give. Turn there.  $\rightarrow$  <u>Neh 12:44</u>
- D. Turn to <u>2 Cor 9:6-15</u> to read how the Holy Spirit inspired Paul to write on the best motivations of giving.

## Review, further application, & conclusion:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Numbers 18:16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.ramseysolutions.com/budgeting/daves-advice-on-tithing-and-giving