Topics in Proverbs

I. Skill in Godly Relationships - Pt 3

- A. The Importance of Relationships
- **B.** Caution Against Excess
- C. What to Seek and Cherish in Friends
- D. What to Beware and Avoid
- E. Pitfalls in Relationships
 - 1. Mismatched Intimacy Pr 25:17 Seldom set foot in your neighbor's house, Lest he become weary of you and hate you.
 - a. The terms
 - i. seldom yaqar precious, scarce, prized, valuable
 - Make your foot rare or scarce
 - scarcity drives up the value, drive up the value of your visit by avoiding excess
 - ii. Weary *saba*` to sate, fill to satisfaction:--have enough, fill, have plenty of, be satiate, satisfy (with), suffice, be weary of.
 - b. The Idea
 - i. avoid barging into someone's life, overwhelming them with one's needy demanding presence.
 - ii. Spend time appropriate to the friendship
 - iii. One's presence should be valuable and valued, not excessive
 - 2. Flattery Pr 26:28; 29:5
 - a. The Problem
 - i. relationships characterized by flattery
 - hard truths are held back
 - untruthful praise is lavished
 - ii. Flattery is not being kind, loving, or doing good
 - b. The Principle
 - i. failure to correct can be
 - treating serious faults with adoring blindness (early dating)
 - a relationship that is too fragile to handle the weight of reality
 - the need for a friend that is unhealthy and unwise chaining one to another who cannot bear the truth
 - ii. if a friend criticizes you, consider
 - am I above criticism?
 - am I a scoffer Pr 15:12
 - iii. We must cultivate the attitude of the wise man Pr 9:8-9
 - 3. Offense Given Pr 10:12 Hatred stirs up strife, But love covers all sins.
 - a. Overview the danger and the solution
 - i. A hostile inclination transforms any molehill into a mountain

- ii. In contrast, love covers a multitude of sins Pr 17:9; 1 Pe 4:8
- b. Dilemma Pr 17:14
 - i. the breach of the dam
 - first a little
 - the flow erodes the dam
 - the dam eventually breaks and you have a flood
 - ii. Minor wrong in a relationship
 - love should cover it
 - find ourselves obsessing, due to injured feelings or pride
 - keep bringing it up until a fight starts
 - opening the floodgate, lets loose more than can be predicted, controlled, or retrieved
 - iii. Wisdom says abandon the quarrel before it starts a quarrel is easier to start than to resolve.
- c. Disaster Pr 17:9
 - i. either love didn't cover it, or one didn't successfully resolve it
 - by direct confrontation or
 - lack of forgiveness of repented offense
 - ii. Repeating or harping on the offense
 - iii. Three possible solutions to offense
 - allow love to cover the offense
 - confront with a satisfactory outcome and drop the matter
 - confront with an unsatisfactory outcome
 - -distance ourselves from the friend
 - -resolve to drop the matter
 - -keep bringing it up and destroy the friendship
- d. Demolition Pr 18:19 the ruin of a mismanaged offense
 - i. a more major offense something that just can't be overlooked
 - ii. Confronting the offender as one who
 - does not accept responsibility, repent, seek forgiveness, or give appropriate restitution.
 - has offended in a way that the relationship can't continue as before
 - iii. Intimate relationships open one to vulnerability
 - allows for great damage like no other
 - when damage has been done, it is not easily undone
- F. Peaks 4 positives aspects of relationships
 - 1. Analysis and Criticism Pr 27:5-6
 - a. Words
 - i. rebuke *towkechah* used in 1:25,30 as counsel; in 3:11; 10:17; 12:1;
 - 13:18; 15:32 as discipline
 - ii. open uncovered, manifested, frank, direct
 - b. Hidden love that doesn't rebuke is morally useless

- c. the wounds of a faithful friend are faithful wounds
 - i. Faithful 'aman to confirm or support
 - ii. Wounds are still wounds
 - iii. Friend 'ahab lit, one who loves
 - iv. The enemy intends to hurt or destroy in contrasts to the friend's intention of helping Pr 28:23
- 2. Helpful Counsel Pr 27:9
 - a. oil and perfume associated with celebration, feasting, and joy
 - i. a good friend makes life sweet both i=on the physical plane as well as the non-physical
 - ii. Earnest counsel is lit counsel of the soul heartfelt, sincere
 - b. heartfelt, sincere is precious and gladdening for two reasons
 - i. Has our best interest in mind
 - ii. Arises out of familiarity with us, our motivations, aims, character
- 3. Loyalty Pr 20:6
 - a. emphasizes the importance of the quality in others and in self
 - b. a lynch-pin trait
 - i. a person with no character is easily swayed by whoever at any given moment
 - ii. Loyalty requires the ability to stick with a value or person against pressure to the contrary especially to God and then friends
 - iii. Underscored in Pr 21:21
 - righteousness summing up our relationship with God
 - mercy or kindness summing up our relationship with men
 - c. old friends are proven to be better than new friends Pr 27:10
- 4. Mutual Refinement Pr 27:17
 - a. shows the importance of real interaction instead of surface level stuff Ge 2:18
 - b. iron is not sharpened by cheese or wood,
 - i. so interaction with sharp friends serves as a sharpening influence
 - ii. Must experience godly personal interaction with others that are growing in Christ
- G. The Review Started with
 - 1. the dangers of isolation Pr 18:1
 - 2. the dangers of being social butterflies Pr 18:24
 - 3. weighed God's guidelines for
 - a. selecting friends,
 - b. the care and nurture of friendships
 - 4. the need for mutually sharpening relationships