- o Genesis
- Exodus
- Leviticus
- Numbers
- Deuteronomy
- o Joshua
- Judges
- o Ruth
- o 1 Samuel
- o 2 Samuel
- o 1 Kings
- o 2 Kings
- o 1 Chronicles
- o 2 Chronicles
- o Ezra
- Nehemiah
- Esther
- o Job
- o Psalms
- Proverbs
- Ecclesiastes
- Song of Solomon
- o Isaiah
- Jeremiah
- Lamentations
- Ezekiel
- Daniel
- o Hosea
- o Joel
- o Amos
- Obadiah
- o Jonah
- Micah
- Nahum
- Habakkuk
- o Zephaniah
- o Haggai
- Zechariah
- Malachi

## Lessons from the Old Testament

There was a redemption plan from the beginning

God choses His people

No one can live up to the Law

Blood must be shed to atone for sins

God can be approached only one way

Man does not make up ways to worship God

There are blessing for obedience, curses for disobedience

Those who oppose God meet a bloody end

When His people cry out, God sends a deliverer

What saves is a personal relationship

Atonements occur on Mt Moriah in Jerusalem

A disciplined relationship is vital to experiencing God's blessings

God is infinitely patient and full of grace

The darkest hours are not the end, God continues to move

God provides practical ways to live in a manner that honors Him

A righteous man can suffer

A man should accept trials from God as well as good

God's goodness triumphs not just at the end but in our lives

God is omnipotent and has a sovereign plan

God will not leave us to or own devices but will guide us

God sends prophets:

They warn against turning away from God

They speak of captivity and suffering for those that do

They speak of a time of grace beyond captivity

All prophets point toward the Messiah

They are gifts of grace

The appropriate response to sin is repentance

God never forsakes or abandons His children

God gives His children a path to freedom

God reveals his influence, wisdom and omnipresence to everyone

God redeems and saves through a solitary man

Those who listen will be blessed, those who don't will be destroyed.

God may be silent but is always sovereign, always in control