## The Means of Salvation (Titus 3:5-6)

The natural man is a blunt-minded, hard-hearted, perverted-willed, carnal-minded, passionate-filled, malicious, envious, hating sinner in bondage who is spiritually dead, and unwilling to come to God (v.3).

<u>But God</u>, out of his kindness, love towards mankind, and mercy, appeared, saving (and offering salvation) to all who trust in Him.

"Salvation" in Scripture refers to:

- Our Past: Justification (Ephesians 2:8-9)
- Our Present: Sanctification (1 Corinthians 1:18)
- Our Future: Glorification (1 Thessalonians 5:9)

## 1. The sinner has been washed and regenerated (washing of regeneration)

<u>Washing (washed)</u>: The Greek means to wash a whole person (John 13:10-11). This imagery points to a Roman citizen washing his entire body at the public baths.

- The sinner, who has been forgiven, has been washed completely of his sins (justification); he is considered clean and righteous in God's sight.
- Sanctification follows justification and affirms regeneration.
- Evidence of being "washed" is a change of affections and desires from the old man (in Adam), to the new man (in Christ).

Regeneration: The Greek is from two words: "again" and "beginning." It literally means "again born" or "born again."

- It refers to someone who has come into existence a second time, and with this new birth comes new principles and dispositions.
- The one who was dead in his trespasses (Ephesians 2:1) is now alive in Christ (Ephesians 2:5) as a brand-new creature (2 Corinthians 5:17).
- Regeneration is by the Spirit of God alone (John 3:5). The sinner must be born again (John 3:3) in order to enter heaven.
- Nothing good dwells in him naturally (Romans 7:18). His mind and flesh are naturally hostile toward God and cannot please God (Romans 8:7-9).
- The natural man does not accept the things of the God, for they are foolishness to him. He cannot understand them (1 Corinthians 2:14).
- It is a work of God's mercy and grace by which a believer becomes a new creature in Christ.

- Regeneration is marked by:
  - o Entry into God's kingdom (John 3:5)
  - A new holiness of life (1 John 3:9, 5:18)
  - A love for other people (1 John 4:7, 5:2)
  - Victory over sinful patterns (Romans 6:12-14; 1 John 5:4)
- Regeneration is also marked by a changed will, an enlightened mind and a renewed nature.
- It is more than just reformation, or "turning over a new leaf."
  Reforming is inadequate to save; the old person must be destroyed and the new one created.
- Regeneration occurs instantly, and only one time in a believer's life.
  While the new man is created instantly, the new birth takes time to reach the whole of the new man (Romans 7:16-23).

## 2. The sinner has been and is being renewed by the Holy Spirit

Renewed (Renewing): The Greek means to become new and different with the implication of becoming superior.

- The work of the Holy Spirit, and the Word of God, restores man to the divine image which was marred after the Fall.
- This "renewing" is both:
  - A synonym (another way) of describing regeneration
  - A description of a Christian's life-long wrestling to fight against sin, and grow in holiness and sanctification

## **Holy Spirit**:

- Is more than a force or an influence: He is a person and the source of this new birth. He never departs from the message of Jesus and will not go beyond it; the Father gave the Spirit in response to the prayer of Jesus (John 14:16). The Father sends the Spirit in the name of Jesus (John 14:26). The Spirit Himself is sent from Jesus (John 16:7) and the Father (John 15:26).
- He is also referred to as the Spirit of Jesus (Acts 16:7).
- He has been poured out on us richly which refers to:
  - Pentecost (Acts 2:17-21, 33) and the moment of regeneration
  - Even beyond regeneration, the Spirit has given us all things that pertain to life and godliness (2 Peter 1:3)

All of this is possible only through Jesus Christ our Savior.