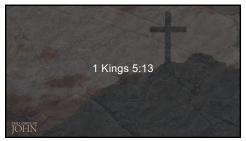
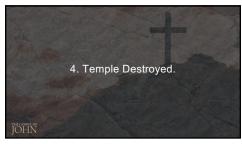


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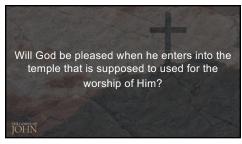












People were to be reflecting on their sin, confession of sin, the death they deserved, and the grace that was given by another taking their place.

13

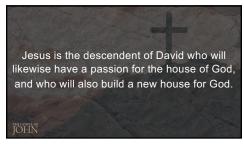
Matthew 21:13

"He said to them, "It is written, 'My house shall be called a house of prayer,' but you make it a den of robbers."

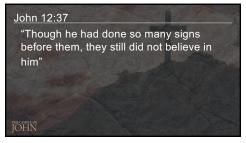
14

John is not just showing an interesting similarity, but is hinting at fact that Jesus is the Greater David, the One prophesied that would come from David and reign as King forever.

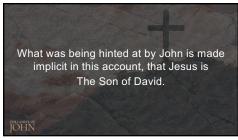


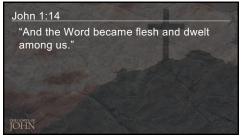


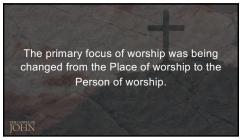














All that the temple, sacrifices, priest, and feasts were meant to teach are fulfilled in the Person of Jesus Christ. Jesus is the Temple, The Passover Sacrifice, and the High Priest, the Holy One that represents us perfectly to the Father.

25

## 1 Peter 2:5

"you yourselves like living stones are being built up as a spiritual house, to be a holy priesthood, to offer spiritual sacrifices acceptable to God through Jesus Christ.

THE GOSPEL O

26

- 1. We are to see that Jesus is the Greater David and the Greater Temple of God.
- 2. The holiness that Jesus desired to see in the temple should be what we desire to see within ourselves as the new temple of God.

THE GOSPEL O

As a child of the Greater David, your zeal for	
the house of God should not be applied to	
these walls, but to your heart. Get rid of sin,	
get rid of hypocrisy, confess, repent, and	
worship God through Jesus Christ.	
THE GOSPIL OF	
JOHN	

Series: John

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1. Some people still associate certain places as being holy, like Jerusalem, the	Why or why not? See: Heb. 9:23-28
temple mount, church buildings, statues, ornate chapels, monasteries, etc. Are holy buildings an emphasis of the Apostles teaching? If not, what is their focus of holiness on?	4. Throughout the New Testament we are taught to have a desire for personal
A. 1 Peter 2:5	holiness. Since we are the dwelling place of God, we should have a zeal/fervent
B. 1 Cor. 3:16-17	desire for personal holiness. Notice how Paul lays this out in Col. 3:5-17. Read it
C. 2 Cor. 6:14-16	and notice all of the unholy behaviors that
D. Eph. 1:22-23	are to be removed and the holy behaviors that are to be added. Also notice how
E. Eph. 2:19-22	one's personal holiness effects the local
2. Several years after Jesus had been tried by the Sanhedrin, they tried Stephen as well. See Acts 6:14-18. A. What would this seem to imply about Stephen's teaching?	church (not the building but the people).  How might some of the personal behaviors listed harm the local church?
B. What if Stephen truly was speaking poorly about the temple and the accompanying laws, would he be in sin?	How might some of the personal behaviors listed strengthen the local church?
C. What does this episode, especially Acts 7:54-58 reveal about the focus of the Sanhedrin's belief versus the focus of Stephen's belief?	

3. If a temple was rebuilt in Jerusalem in the next few years, with priest, sacrifices, etc. would it be a holy place of worship? Should you go and worship God there?