The Peace of Christ, Part Three (Colossians 3:14, 15) By Pastor Jeff Alexander (3/2/2014)

Introduction

- 1. In this message we want to knit together the strands that we examined in the first two parts.
- 2. Paul is addressing the church against the background of God's purpose to reconcile all things to Himself (Col. 1:20).
 - a. In the beginning, the Garden of Eden served as the "sacred space" (God's temple) in which He would dwell among His people as their God (2 Cor. 6:16-18). The church is the final stage in that restoration development.
 - b. Thus, the church's mission is to serve this purpose of God in a fallen world (2 Cor. 5:17-21; John 17:22, 23).

I. The Need: Reconciliation

- 1. Fallen humans are alienated from God and hostile to His will and purpose, working evil (Gen. 3:8-13; Col. 1:21).
- 2. God reconciles His people through the grace of the cross (Gen. 3:15; Col. 1:20).
 - a. Reconciliation requires a new existence, a new creation, and a new kingdom in the midst of the old—not a mere reformation of morals and behavior through self-effort and religious observance.
 - b. The condition of alienation and hostility toward God necessitates something radical: transference from the domain of death and darkness into the kingdom of light and new life (Col. 1:12-14).
- 3. This process of reconciling has been an on-going work, is still in progress, and will be until the end of the age (Rev. 21:5; Col. 1:24-29).
 - a. God's new-creation/new-kingdom people need to be filled with the knowledge of His will for obedience (Col. 1:9). Obedience is not rule-keeping. It is relational maintenance based on knowing God and His will and purpose. One cannot obey One whom he does not know.
 - b. This work of kingdom-building is centered in the church, which is Christ's body (Col.1:24). The church, in order to function in this process, must understand her part (Col. 3:1, 2).

II. The Motive: Love

- 1. The driving force of God's image sons in the context of body life is active, directed, and purposeful in the exertion of renewed self *love*.
 - a. All love derives from God, for "God is love" (1 Jn. 4:16). Only those who have renewed divine life can truly love (1 Jn. 4:7). The world has but a shadow and perverse facsimile of that love because God is not in it.

- b. Love is the over-arching command that ties together everything included in verses 12 and 13.
- 2. The church needs to love in order to express the union and unity of believers in Christ's body.
 - a. *Union* involves *symbiosis* or interdependence of the parts of the one body.
 - b. *Unity* is the *synergism* or the working together of the different individual parts as they benefit the whole body or union.
- 3. Love produces unity in the union.
 - a. People tend to live in isolation and independence. The gospel destroys this isolation by restoring relationship to God and to all in union with Christ.
 - b. Love produces true intimacy through knowledge.
 - 1) Love gives us the freedom to know and be known.
 - 2) *Knowledge*, as used in Scripture, is a relational, not simply informational, term. You can't love someone that you don't know.
- 4. Love benefits the loving individual because it returns to him through maturing and perfecting as he grows in grace.

II. The Goal: Peace (Shalom)

- 1. The goal of putting on love is the binding of everything into τελειότης (teleiotes) what is "complete" or "perfect."
 - a. This term reflects the OT concept of being *tamim*: perfect (complete, honest, having integrity or inner soundness, without blemish, and blameless; Psa. 19:13; 101:2; Judges 9:16; Gen. 17:1).
 - b. Perfection, in turn, produces *shalom* the state of harmony and communion between covenant partners.
- 2. Thus, believers in the union of Christ must promote unity under the rule of Christ's peace the state of *shalom*.
 - a. In this respect, peace is equivalent to salvation because one must be "called" into this peace (Rom. 1:6).
 - b. Those "called" must then be governed by the peace of Christ in their relationships within the body. Christ is our peace (Eph. 2:14). He must arbitrate every aspect of our relationships.
 - c. Christ rules His own, through His Spirit by "guiding their feet into the way of peace" (Luke 1:79).

The questions that each of us needs to answer in light of this passage:

What am I contributing to Christ's body? How am I benefiting its unity? Am I truly loving others in the strength of the Spirit (Eph. 3:14-21)?