

Introduction:

We have have covered, prior to captivity, and. Then the “Captivity that God had an expected end as prophesied or fore told by the prophet Jeremiah.

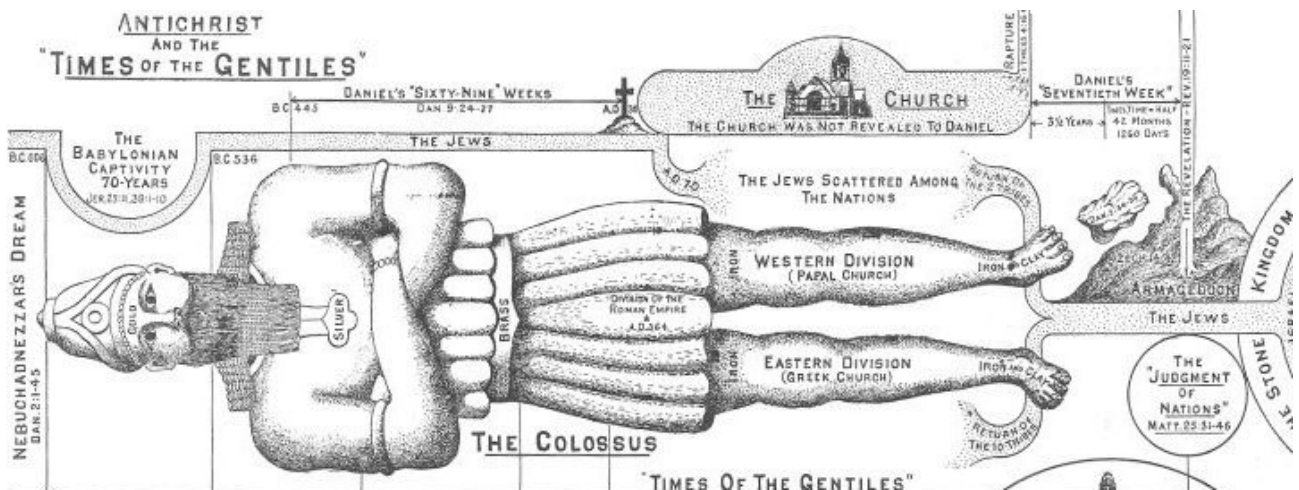
The first Eschatology lesson is so you can understand the number seven and there was the completion of the 70 year captivity and the prophecy concerning the 70 weeks. (Notes are on Sermon audio.)

Then the third message which was “a stone that conquers” we looked at the stone that was made without hands, this is the final kingdom, (second advent that will bring end to a period of time which is called “the time of the Gentiles.”

Luke 21:24

And they shall fall by the edge of the sword, and shall be led away captive into all nations: and Jerusalem shall be trodden down of the Gentiles, until the times of the Gentiles be fulfilled.

This period of time begins with the King Nebuchadnezzar, and is seen by the image we are going to look at:



Note:

The image is broken up into four sections, the head of Gold is Nebuchadnezzar. The 70 year captivity ended when Belshazzar the son of Nebuchadnezzar who lost the kingdom to the Persians **Daniel 5**.

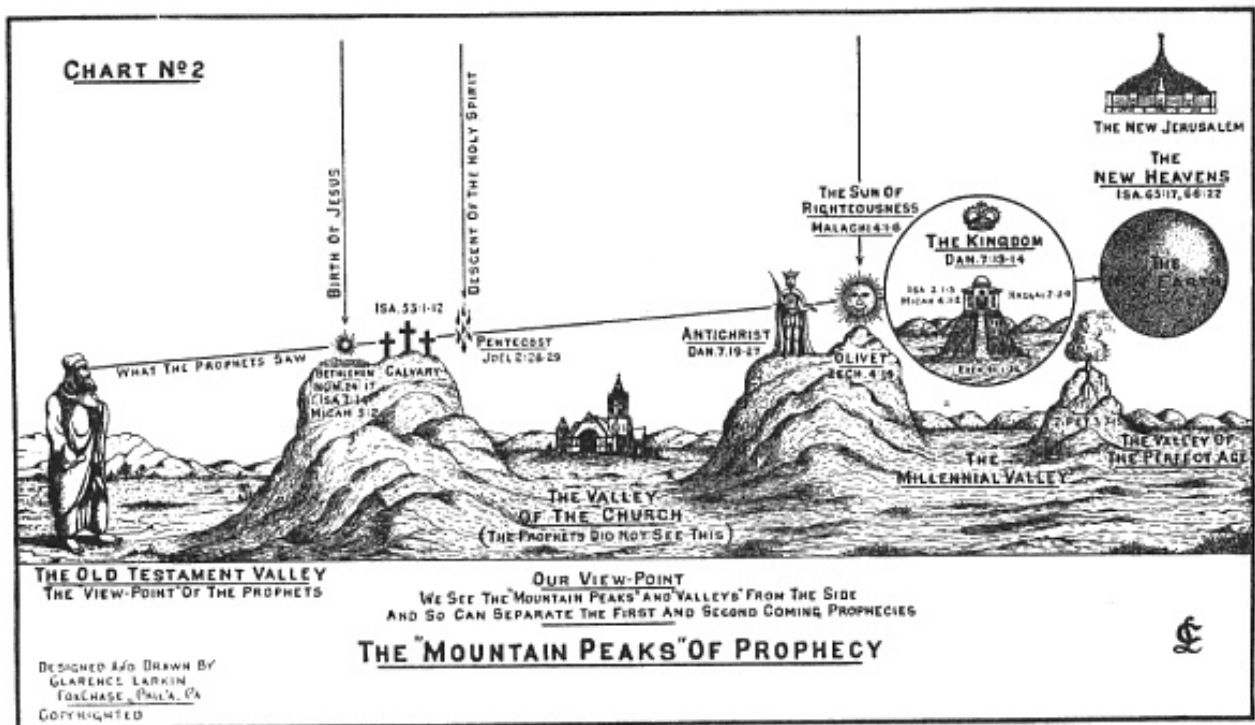
Daniel: 2ff (Read)

The Book of Daniel covers the last part of the Old Testament, up to the first advent, where the Messiah was cut off [Daniel 9:26](#). It is important to understand that the image was not smote [Daniel 2:34](#), [Daniel 2:44](#) but Jesus Christ was. But as the Bible says not for himself

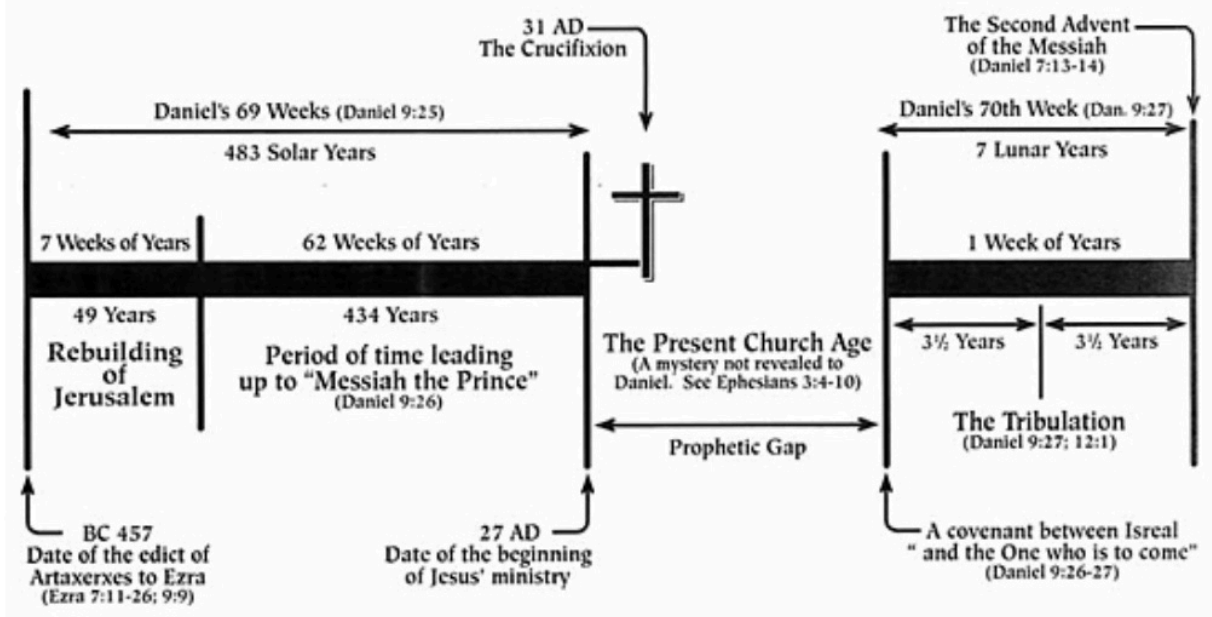
Jesus was born when Rome is in power, and he stood before a Roman throne, where he was cut off..." [John 19:11](#). Jesus Christ didn't take the throne of David at the first advent, [Isaiah 9:6](#) but could have if the Jews had turned to God after the preaching of Stephen in [Acts 7](#).

Note:

Understand Daniel doesn't see what we call the church age, as Jesus Christ sat back down in [Acts 7:56](#).



DANIEL'S SEVENTY WEEKS (Daniel 9:24-27)



The two legs represent east and west of the Roman Empire the western ruled from 56 bc until 476 ad and the east until 1453 ad conquered by the Turks.

1. The Gold signified Babylon. Nebuchadnezzar destroyed Jerusalem around 600 bc
2. The Silver the Persians. King Cyrus 530 bc.
3. The brass Macedonia, Alexandria the Great 100bc.
4. The iron the Romans 56bc - 476 ad.

Note:

Terminology and interpretation is given by scripture, for example [Daniel 8:5-9](#), and [v20-21](#).

1. A is a king...in [Daniel 8:9](#) this little horn, is history, [Daniel 7:7-9](#) is prophetic. These are the toes and they are ten kings, and are in the days that the Ancient one sits on the throne. [Revelation 13:1-3](#), (They worshipped) [Revelation 17:11-12](#), (Given power) [Daniel 7:18ff](#) (destroyed)

[Revelation 11:15](#)

And the seventh angel sounded; and there were great voices in heaven, saying, The kingdoms of this world are become the kingdoms of our Lord, and of his Christ; and he shall reign for ever and ever.

Statement:

Remember what the Devil said to Jesus, worship and then I will give you power. (This image in chapter three, Nebuchadnezzar set up to worship.)

Note:

The rule of Prophecy is to consider: compare [Matthew 12:24](#) with [Daniel 7:20](#).

2. The book of Daniel by J. Frank Norris.

Lesson:

King Nebuchadnezzar was the one who destroyed Nineveh “Nahum and had destroyed Jerusalem, and built Babylon to the same measurements of the city of Nineveh...(Nothing was going to be greater than King Nebuchadnezzar and his kingdom and city...) 612 bc Nineveh was a commercial hub, but Babylon was the religious hub. “The Chaladeans were religious, and their god was bel, they gave the Hebrew children names according to their gods.