

## The Bible's Demand for Creation in 144 hours

(Pastor John Brackbill/4.1.12/Gen. 1:1-2:3)

The Genesis account of creation is written in \_\_\_\_\_

- There are \_\_\_\_\_ versions of the creation week (Psalm 104:1-9)
- Genesis itself has true \_\_\_\_\_ of poetry (Genesis 49:1-27)
- Hebrew sequential narrative has distinctive characteristics that are present in the creation account

The Genesis account of creation refers to 6 literal 24 hour days

- “Day” (*Yom*) always means a literal day when a \_\_\_\_\_ modifies it
- The phrase “evening and morning” refers to the normal \_\_\_\_\_ cycle of a 24hour day
- Another unit of time (years) is linked to the word “day” in the creation account (1:14)
- Observing the \_\_\_\_\_ is rooted in a literal 7 day creation week (Exodus 20:9-11; 31:16-17)

The Genesis account of creation identifies completed creation as \_\_\_\_\_

- Creation is called good seven times (1:4, 10, 12, 18, 21, 25, 31)
- \_\_\_\_\_ is a result of the curse not included in the original creation (3:15-17; Romans 5:12; Romans 8:18-22)
- Death will be \_\_\_\_\_ when the curse is reversed (Rev. 21:1-5; Isaiah 11:6; 65:25)

The Genesis Account of 6 day literal creation is implied in the rest of Scripture

- \_\_\_\_\_ implied a young earth chronology of creation (Mark 10:6; 13:19; Luke 11:49)
- \_\_\_\_\_ implied a young earth chronology of creation (Acts 3:22-23; Romans 1:18-25; Hebrews 9:25-26)