

PRAISE FROM THE CAVE (Psalm 57)

A. THE REFUGE OF GOD'S GRACIOUS PROVISION & PROTECTION (vv. 1-3)

1. This psalm was written in a _____ by _____ when he fled from persecution by _____, either at Adullam (1 Sam. 22:1) or En-Gedi (1 Sam. 24:3).

** Why did God allow this in David's life?*

2. God's _____ (Heb. *chanan*) and _____ are always available to the believer amidst the caves and trials of life. (v. 1)

** How does this apply to the believer living under Grace?*

3. In our trials, the Lord is looking for a response of _____ (Heb. *chacah*) in Him. (v. 1)

** What idea does this Hebrew word convey?*

** How does this apply to the unsaved?*

4. In the trials and caves of life, we need to remember _____ our God is and _____ He does for us. (vv. 2-3)

** What do we need to remember about God?*

** What does God do for us?*

** What does God send to us?*

B. THE REALITY OF GODLESS PERSECUTION (vv. 4-6)

1. Sometimes God allows trials in the form of _____ and even _____ persecution. (v. 4)

** How are David's adversaries described here?*

2. In the trials and caves of life, remember to _____ on God, not your problems. (v. 5)

** What principle about sin do we see in v. 6?*

C. THE RESULT OF GLORIFYING PRAISE TO GOD (vv. 7-11)

1. Praising God is really a matter of the _____ and _____, not instruments. (vv. 7-9)
2. Praising God may involve using your _____ to sing, as well as other _____. (vv. 7-8)
3. Praising God means to _____ or _____ Him for Who He is and What He's done. (vv. 7-9)
4. Praising God may occur at _____, but He's worthy of praise even before the day starts! (v. 8)
5. Praising God may be done _____ or _____. (v. 9)
6. Praising God always has its _____ in God's _____ and _____. (v. 10)
7. The ultimate objective of praising God is to see Him _____. (v. 11)