## June 12<sup>th</sup>, 2022AM – Pastor Kevin Olivier **Nehemiah 2:1-10** – "The Good Hand of God"

- A. When things go our way, some of us may like to say like Nehemiah, "the good hand of my God was on me" (v8).
  - 1. God's hand can be upon us for good or for loving discipline in the case of a Christian or for judgment for those who oppose God & His Kingdom.
  - 2. The hand of God was heavy upon the Philistines when they defeated the Israelites in battle & captured the ark after they
- B. Nehemiah identified himself at the end of the chapter 1 as "the cupbearer to the king." As the cupbearer of King Artaxerxes, he was a highly trusted official.

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God calls you to seek His	I. NEHEMIAH'S PLEA BEFORE GOD & THE KING
good hand of favor.	II. NEHEMIAH'S FAVOR BEFORE GOD & THE KING

## I. <u>NEHEMIAH'S PLEA BEFORE GOD & THE KING</u>

- A. Nehemiah's plea for God's favor did not begin in chapter 2. Chapter 1 records his Godly sorrow over the state of Jerusalem because its walls were broken down & its gates burned with fire (v3). Nehemiah confessed his sin & that of his family & the people of Israel that caused their captivity & exile in the 1<sup>st</sup> place.
  - 1. Rather than being apathetic, he fasted & prayed before the Lord.
  - 2. → Look at Neh 1:11 where he prays for God's favor before making his plea before King Artaxerxes.
- B. It isn't certain if Nehemiah could even approach the king to make a request of him. Even if allowed to approach the king, Nehemiah did not have opportunity to make a request because the king was able to look at his servant's face & notice something was very wrong.  $\rightarrow$  Look at  $\underline{vv1-2}$ .
  - 1. Nehemiah was afraid because the king had the power to throw him into prison, have him tortured, or even executed if that was the will of the king.<sup>1</sup>
  - 2. His great fear was not without cause. His request— if not well-received by the king— could mean his great harm just as when Queen Esther had to go an make her request before her King & husband, Ahasuerus.
- C. When King Artaxerxes asked him about his sadness, notice how Nehemiah answered him in  $\underline{v3}$ .  $\rightarrow \underline{v3}$ 
  - 1. Nehemiah's sadness was not a "put-on" or exaggeration to get the king's attention.
  - 2. Neh 1:4 says this same news cause him to sit down wherein he "wept & mourned for days."
  - 3. The king felt compassion for his servant. → Neh 2:4 "Then the king said to me, 'What would you request?"
- D. What happens next is both an example of godliness but also instructive in a way for us to be much more prayerful. At the end of <u>v4</u>, notice Nehemiah 1<sup>st</sup> reacted to the king's offer: **"So I prayed to the God of heaven."** 
  - 1. Prayer does not have to be on one's knees, with eyes closed, hands clasped or folded. You can pray to God in the middle of a conversation without others even taking note.
  - 2. A prayer can be brief & still very effective as it was in Nehemiah's case.
- E. Nehemiah's plea was marked by great respect to the king.  $\rightarrow$  Look at  $\underline{v5}$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://historycollection.com/18-examples-of-crime-and-punishment-in-the-ancient-persian-empire/

## II. NEHEMIAH'S FAVOR BEFORE GOD & THE KING $\rightarrow$ **vv6-9**:

- A. Notice the great extent of the king's favor upon Nehemiah:
  - 1. In <u>v6</u>, the king allowed him to set a "definite time" to be away in Jerusalem. Some sources say he was away for about 12 years before returning to Persia serve the king.
  - 2. He gave Nehemiah letters that ensured his protection & a degree of authority & support during his endeavor.
  - 3. The text does not say he asked for this, but Nehemiah reported in <u>v9</u>: "Now the king had sent with me officers of the army & horsemen."
- B. These amazing responses of favor before King Artaxerxes was because of God's favor upon Nehemiah. At the end of <u>v8</u>, Nehemiah said the King granted all these things to him "because the good hand of my God was on me."
  - 1. <u>Prov 3:1-6</u> gives us a bit commentary on how you can likewise obtain "favor & good repute [reputation] in the sight of God & man." → Turn to <u>Prov 3:1-6.</u>
    - a. Keep God's commands.
    - b. Be kind & truthful.
    - c. Put God 1<sup>st</sup> acknowledge Him rather than ignore Him.
    - d. Trust G rather than "lean on your own understanding."
  - 2. If you worship, obey, & trust God, you will delight in Him & He will delight in you.
    - a. "He will make your paths straight" as he did with Nehemiah & the other saints of old.
    - b. Seek God 1st that He would be "your shield, your exceedingly great reward" (Gen 15:1, NKJV). As Jesus put it, "seek 1st His kingdom & His righteousness, & all these things will be added to you" (Mat 6:33).
- C. You can have favor before the Triune God & one of the most powerful kings in all of history yet still have wicked people who will oppose you & all that you seek to do on behalf of His kingdom.
  - $\rightarrow$  Look at **v10**
- D. On a day which He appointed, every man, woman, & child must stand before God's great white throne of judgment. The book of life will be opened & everyone will be judged by the things which are written in the books (Rev 20:11-15). On that day, will you have favor before God?

Review, further application, & conclusion: