# Free to Love Others!

# **Galatians 5:13-15**

East Berlin Community Church Pastor Keith A. Mosebrook June 23, 2019

#### Introduction

- Robert Bork's, "Slouching Toward Gomorrah", analysis of the direction of our country morally and politically.
  - The pursuit of personal freedom without restraints
  - The pursuit of radical equality—everyone treated equally and share equally in the wealth.
  - Moving toward anarchy and moral corruption
- Framers of our constitution understood that for freedom to be free there must be some restraints, limits.
- First tendency in a "standard-less" world is to lay down the law—legalism
- We are to stand in the liberty which we have in Christ—Galatians 5:1

# Free to Love Others

# A. Freedom and License?—Galatians 5:13a

- 1. False teachers considered Paul an antinomian, a lawless libertine. Romans 3:8; 5:20-21; 6:1-2
- 2. Liberty is not an excuse for committing all kinds of sin. 2 Peter 2:19; 1 Peter 2:15-16

# B. Freedom to Love—Galatians 5:13-15

- 1. Joseph Fletcher and "situational ethics"
  - a. No absolute truth, but relative truth—"what is the loving thing to do?"
  - b. The "end justifies the means"—and as long as the "end" is something positive like love or happiness, any means to achieve those ends is permissible.
- 2. Paul's principles for exercising Christian freedom. Three questions:
  - a. First, will it be helpful or profitable in light of one's Christian testimony?—1 Corinthians 6:12; 1-8
  - b. Second, will it be habit forming and thus hinder my Christian commitment?—1 Corinthians 6:12
    - 1) Sexual sin is something to be avoided.—1 Corinthians 6:18
    - 2) Our bodies belong to the Lord—1 Corinthians 6:19-20
    - 3) The principle of diminishing return—1 Corinthians 7
    - 4) God wants our undivided attention—1 Corinthians 7:35
  - c. Third, will it tear down or build up another believer's faith? Galatians 5:13; 1 Corinthians 10:23
    - 1) Christian liberty is the freedom to stop being self-centered and start being other-centered
    - 2) Only debt as believers is to love one another—Romans13:8
    - 3) Paul seeks to do only those things that will build up believers—1 Corinthians 9:19-23
  - d. BOTTOM LINE: Legalism promotes legislating people; Liberty promotes loving people.
- 3. "Loving others" and the Law—Galatians 5:14
  - a. Jesus' summary of the law's requirements—Matthew 22:36-40
  - b. Paul's teaching on love fulfilling the law—Romans 13:8-10
- 4. Consequences for failing to love one another—Galatians 5:15
  - a. Personal freedom must be limited. One's rights end where another's begin or else anarchy results.
  - b. For there to be peace, one must be willing to give up the exercise of one's freedom so to benefit the whole body. Romans 14:1-3, 13-16, 19; 15:1-2
    - 1) The mature, strong believer must be willing to limit the display of one's freedom and not judge those who are weak.
    - 2) The weak are not to judge those who in good conscience partake.