I. Introduction:

What is the proper amount of justice to be meted out for all the Nazi War crimes?

- II. What is troubling about the various translations of Psalm 82?
 - A. The words: **Elohim** and **El**
 - 1. Plural in form, but both singular and plural in meaning
 - 2. Various translations in English for **Elohim** and **El** a. Example: 2 Samuel 28:13-15
- III. (1) Asaph's statement of the True and Eternal God's Character
- IV. (2-4) Asaph's plea (on God's behalf) to the rulers and judges
- V. What does it mean for God to be just?

The only way that *true* justice can ever be meted out is when it is balanced by the other attributes of God's goodness.

Deut. 32:4; Job 37:23-24; Psalm 89:14

- VI. Why administering the law alone cannot bring true justice.
 - A. "Summum ius summa injuria:"
 - = Extreme justice may result in extreme injustice

VII. Why God's justice is challenging to us

Psalm 115:3; 135:6-8; 136:1-19

VIII. How is God's choice to be gracious just?

IX. (5) Asaph's statements about what these rulers are lacking

They lack the ability to discern between good and evil in a way that is impartial and fair to everyone.

- X. (6-7) Asaph's reminder about the reality of their *elohim-ness*
- XI. (8) Asaph's plea to the only Just God: Arise and Judge
- XII. Conclusion The balance of God's character

God cannot ever be unjust, nor let one speck of His righteousness and justice be tarnished by any degree of sentiment, impartiality or bias.