Psalm 89: The Davidic Covenant in Rubble

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A Maskil of Ethan the Ezraite Introduction 1 The lovingkindnesses of YHWH forever I will sing! To a generation and a generation I will make known Your faithfulness with my mouth! 2 For I have said, "Forever lovingkindness will be built; As for the heavens. You will establish Your faithfulness in them !" 3 I have cut a covenant with My chosen one; I have sworn to David, My servant. 4 Unto forever I will establish your Seed And I will build for a generation and a generation your throne. vv1-4 is an introduction that outlines what follows in vv5-37. The flow is two key steps: 1) I will praise God for His excellent attributes (vv1-2) and 2) Those attributes of God are on display in the Davidic Covenant of 2 Samuel 7 God's attributes are behind His promises, and history

showcases the attributes by how He carries out the promises. This is one key to the revelation of God in the Bible.

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5 And they will praise, the heavens,	God's Rule	
Your wondrousness, YHWH Also Your faithfulness	in Heaven	
in the assembly of the holy ones.		
6For who in the sky		
will stand equal to YHWH?		
Who will resemble YHWH		
among the sons of the mighty ones?		
7 A God:		
who is dreaded		
in the great council of the hol	y ones	
And feared		
by all who surround Him!		
8 YHWH, God of the Armies,		
who is like You,		
mighty Yah?		
And Your faithfulness		
which surrounds You?		

vv5-8 Present God in His eternal abode in Heaven, surrounded by myriads of elect angels.

- v5 focuses on His mighty works and character, with the angels looking on.
- v6 emphasizes the distinction between God and the angels—none of God's super-creatures approaches His glory. The contrast hightens our appreciation of God's attributes.
- v7 shows the reaction of God's angels to His essence. The only appropriate response to the divine majesty is awe. Those who know best fear God the most.
- v8 closes the discussion of God and the angels with a refreshment of v5: God's might and faithfulness

When we look at this section as a whole we see verses 5 and 8 are bookends that highlight God's attributes of omnipotence (power) and faithfulness, and the contents in vv6-7 demonstrate the relationship between God and His angels. 49Where are Your lovingkindnesses

from the first, Lord?

You swore to David

in Your faithfulness.

50 Remember, O Lord,

the reproach of Your servants;

I bear in my bosom

all the quarrels of the peoples

51 With which they have reproached,

your enemies, YHWH;

With which they have reproached

the footprints of Your Messiah/Anointed

52 Blessed be YHWH forever!

Amen and Amen



God's Rule 9 You rule the swelling of the sea on Earth, vv9-18 In the rising up of its waves, You still them! 10 You crushed like one pierced the Proud One (RACHAB = Egypt?) With the arm of Your strength You scattered Your enemies. 11 *Belonging* to You, the heavens, also to You the earth; The world and what fills it. You have founded them. 12 The north and the south, You created them; Tabor and Hermon at Your Name shout for joy.

vv9-12 Present God's Mighty Works in History

- v9 suggests that God alone controls the water. This will be important in v25 when the Davidic Heir will rule the water
- v10 for example, God used the water to destroy Egypt in Exodus 14.
- vv11-12 the entire creation testifies to God's omnipotence as the Creator. God as the creator of EVERYTHING constantly calls us to worship the Source and not the creation itself.
- v12 Tabor is the low mountain where Deborah and Barak were victorious over the army of Sisera.
- Mt Hermon is the highest point in Syria
- These places glorify God as His creations; their shout for joy is a personification that reminds us of the right way to respond to God as our Creator: Worship.

13 Belonging to You, an arm

with strength,

It shows itself strong,

Your hand;

it is exalted,

Your right hand.

14 Righteousness and justice

are the foundation of Your throne;

Lovingkindness and truth

go before Your face.

15 How happy are the people

who know the trumpet blast

YHWH, in the light of Your face

they walk

16 In Your Name they rejoice all day

And in Your Righteousness they are exalted

17 For the splendor of their strength

are You,

And by Your favor it is exalted,

our horn.

18 For *belonging* to YHWH our shield,

And belonging to the Holy One of Israel our king.

vv13-18 Emphasize God's attributes and their benefits to His people.

- v13 Emphasizes God's power.
- v14: Righteousness, Justice, Lovingkindness, Truth!
- vv15-18: Because of God's mighty attributes, God's people rejoice and are exalted. God's strength is their strength. God has provided them their king.

At the time of writing, David's House is a desolation.

It seems as though God is not keeping His eternal Davidic Covenant! There is a sharp contrast between what Israel is experiencing and God's wonderful promises.

There are several false solutions to this difficulty:

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- 1) Assume God is not really going to do what He said.
- 2) Assume that what God said is not what He meant. (Functionally the same as #1).
- 3) Pretend that there is no difficulty; the desolation of the Land is not really all that desolate, and the shame in vv38-45 is not all that shameful!

The only real solution, within Psalm 89, is to stay tuned. If God's promise is forever, then we have not seen everything yet! This is the anticipation of Biblical eschatology.

As Bible-believing Christians we need to learn to rest in constant anticipation. We do not see God's promises fulfilled yet, but we continue to expect that He will fulfill them. Thus we live in light of this expectation, this hope.

46 How long, O YHWH, will You hide Yourself in perpetuity? will it burn like fire, Your wrath? 47 Remember me, what *is* my lifespan! For what vanity did You create all the sons of man? 48 What man can live and not see death? Can he deliver his soul from the hand of Sheol? Selah

vv46-48 is the Lament of the Psalm. The writer is not experiencing the expected blessings of the Davidic Covenant, and he will probably not do so in his lifetime. This section calls for eternal life and the resurrection body if one will enjoy eternal promises.

38 But You

have cast off and rejected; You have shown Yourself angry with Your Messiah/Anointed

39 You have repudiated

the covenant of Your servant;

You have profaned

to the ground his crown. 40 You have broken down all his walls You have put his fortified city a ruin 41They have plundered,

all those who pass on the road;

He has been a reproach

to his inhabitants

42 You have exalted

the right hand of his adversaries;

You have made rejoice

all his enemies

43 Also You turn back

from the enemy his sword

And You have not sustained

him in battle

44 You have caused to cease

his splendor

And his throne to the earth

You have thrown down.

45 You have caused to be shortened

the days of his youth

You have covered

him with shame Selah



vv38-39: Summary of the Current State of David's House

vv40-43: Military Defeat and Destruction of the Land

vv44-45: Summary of the Desolation as a Result of Defeat

vv19-37 The 5 Davidic Covenant 19 Then You spoke in a vision to Your beloved ones And You said. "I have placed help upon a mighty one, "I have exalted one chosen from the people." vv19-20: David 20 I have found Designated David, My servant. With My holy oil I have anointed him. 21 Whom My hand vv21-22. David will be established with him. Empowered Also My arm will strengthen him. 22 He will not exact usury, the enemy, him. vv22-23: David's And the son of malice **Enemies Defeated** will not afflict him. 23 And I will crush before his face his adversary and those who hate him I will strike 24 And My faithfulness and My lovingkindness will be with him, And in My Name vv24-25 God's Application of His it will be exalted, his horn. Attributes to David 25 And I will set on the sea his hand, And on the rivers his right hand.

26 He will cry to Me,	6	33 And My lovingkindness	7		
"You are My Father,	Ŭ	I will not break off from him;			
My God		And I will not break faith/cancel			
and the Rock of my salvation."	vv26-27: Blessings	the contract			
27 Also I firstborn <i>status</i>	of the Davidic Cov- enant	against my faithfulness.			
I will give him	Ununt	34 I will not profane			
The highest of the kings of the earth!		My covenant			
28 Forever I will keep/guard for him		And the pronouncement of My lips			
My lovingkindness	vv28-29: God's Forever Promise	I will not alter.			
And My covenant					
will be faithful/permanent for him.	i olevel i follise	35 Once and for all			
29 And I will set/establish until then		I have sworn vv35-37: Summa in My holiness: Forever is Forever	•		
his seed,		in my nonness,	er		
And his throne		Not to David			
as the days of heaven.		will I lie!			
30 If they abandon, his sons,		36 His seed			
My Law		unto forever will be			
And in My judgments	vv30-34: Even if David's Sons Don't Obey, the Covenant Won't Change	And his throne			
they do not walk,		<i>will be</i> like the sun before Me			
31 If My statutes		37 Like the moon			
they profane		it will be established forever;			
And My commandments		And the witness in the sky			
they do not keep,		is faithful!			
32 Then I will punish		Selah			
with a rod their transgression		This poetic summary of 2 Sam 7:8-16 strongly brings out three key items:			
And with affliction their iniquities		 The Davidic Covenant is based on God's Attributes, not man's performance. Like God's Attributes, this is an eternal arrangement. 			
		 When David's sons fail, God's covenant will not fail. It will be perpetua and therefore eternal. 			