Jude 22 - Maturely Understanding Christ

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Jude 24-25

Prologue - Elders: Give Mercy

- Mercy {God's Love {Agape to Phileo} in Action} to Those who doubt {Conduit}
 - Everyone doubts, <u>not</u> proceeding from faith but self; we are to outgrow this (Ro 14:23)
 - Doubts impinge trustworthiness of God fostering rebellion exemplified by Man and Woman and each believer (Ge 3:1-5; 1Ti 2:12-14)
- Immature believer doubts the veracity of Father-Christ-Spirit-Bible leaving himself/herself open to the *tender mercies* of Satan (Ja 1:5-8)
 - ► Though enjoined to *ask* Christ for help, this will not occur if one <u>doubts</u> Christ's love, mercy or willingness to help
 - Elders remember their early growth and commanded in mercy to help immature grow by biblical study and personal examples of elders (2Co 3:16-18)

Elders-Living examples of Christ as Husbands-Fathers to their families (Ga 2:20; Ep 5:22-6:4)

Prologue - Elders: Show Mercy

- Immature believers, not rescued, move beyond doubting {Acting not from faith but flesh} and return to their besetting sins (Mt 14:22-33; 2Pe 2:19-22)
- ► Elders are commanded to: Rescue and Show {Give} mercy
 - ▶ Rescue Immature believers who have returned to their sins to save them from suffering *loss* when they are judged at Christ's Bema Seat (2Co 5:10)
- ► Elders show mercy as Christ showed us mercy remembering that godly wisdom, facts in biblical context, begins by understanding the *fear of Christ's Judgment*: Suffering Loss (Ps 111:10; Ro 5:6-11; 1Co 3:10-15; Ep 6:1-2)
 - Fire signifies judgment; Elders rescue Immature from Christ's impending judgment which could result in sickness, tribulation and physical death (Jn 10:27-30)
 - Spiritual poverty Uncaringly stained by the offal of the flesh staining one's inner garment; they wear this openly to their shame {Poverty}: Elders are to detest the revealed sin, not the fallen Immature believer they are rescuing

Jude's Closure: Doxology {Hymn} of Praise

- Jude closes his letter with a short song praising Christ supporting Believers
 - This would have been set to music and sung in churches much like today's formal Doxology is sung weekly by certain denominations
 - This would have reminded believers of whom they served and why; because He first served them
 - ► To the Lost and Immature this doxology would simply become a rote exercise
 - ► Today's Christians do not apprehend the terms Jude used; they substitute the World's meanings which begins the slow slippage from His Truth
- We will look at the final verse first, term by term, to understand why Jude used these terms
- ▶ Then we will understand how Christ is able to keep us in the True Faith

Variant Readings: Christ - Jude's Focus

- Not unusual to have variant textual readings
 - ► These usually differ in minor aspects such as prepositions or adjectives
 - Occasionally words may be added or deleted
 - Never is a doctrine disturbed by the variant; reason for many comparison texts
- Verse 25 has two major variants
 - ► ESV variant *appears* to praise the Father <u>through</u> the Son's qualities {True}
 - ▶ Jude focused primarily on the Son, the major subject of Satan's attack to raise doubts in the Immature about His promised return {My Choice}
 - "...to the only wise God, our Savior, be glory and majesty and might and authority, {before time} even now and forever. Amen." (LITV)
 - We will examine each of these four qualities and add ESV's variant; in brackets

Glory: Light {of the Father}

- Glory $\{\delta \acute{o} \xi α, doxa\}$ means *Light* (of the Father) (Jn 8:12)
 - ▶ Begins the Bible: Light Shone into the Darkness on Day One (Ge 1:3-5; Jn 1:5)
 - John continues this in his gospel's opening hymn: Darkness has <u>not</u> overcome Light (Jn 1:1-18)
 - No one has seen the Father except the Son who makes Him known: No Son-No knowing the Father; Know Christ-Know the Father; No Christ-No Gospel and No Life except Eternal Judgment (Jn 14:8-11; Rer 20:11-15)
- Christ had this glory before First Advent, putting on Flesh, and will take it back when His Death is successful, Resurrection {Transfiguration} (Lk 9:28-36; Jn 17:1-5)
 - ► Glory, Light, <u>not</u> intrinsic to Christ but to Father Who shares with the begotten Son {Always eternal with the Father} Who shares with the Saved (Jn 17:20-23)
 - Christ is the interface between the Father and Creation; intercessor between Father and Man forever (Jn 6:36-47; 10:34-38; 2Ti 2:5-6)

Majesty: Greater Serving the Lesser

- Majesty {μεγαλωσύνη, megalosyne} Above everyone
 - Man uses this term referencing military might and subjugation (Ac 12:20-23)
 - Christ rejected this referring to wildflowers having more majesty than Solomon at height of his wealth (Mt 6:28-29)
 - Apostles before Pentecost-Shavuot understood majesty as Control fighting over empty greatness; mark of False Teachers, Immature Believers and Lost (Mk 9:33-37)
- Christ-Father demonstrated Greatness by serving the lesser bringing them eternal life through Christ's Death (Ze 9:9; Mt 20:25-28; Ro 5:6-11;)
 - Christ's majesty flows from His willing death as Creator-God for Man (Ph 2:3-11)
 - ► This reflected by angels in Heaven also by their praise of Him (Re 5)
 - Christ's Second Advent *majesty* intrinsic to His Death: Bears marks of Stauros (Jn 20:24-29; Re 1:12-18; 19:11-21)

Might: Right of Possession

- Might {κράτος, kratos} In the legal sense might flows from right of possession
 - Metaphor of the Potter emphasizes Christ's *right of possession* as Creator-God (Je 18:1-10; Ro 9:14-24; Col 1:15-17)
 - Lesser does not form greater: When man forms his gods, he *proves* he is god over *gods* he fashions; yet Man enslaved to Covetousness-Sin (Is 19:16; 45:9-10; Ro 1:18-28; Col 3:5)
 - Sinners, under pretense of the *right of possession*, enslaves the *lesser*, rebelling against Creator-God who gave them life (Ge 3:1-5; 1Sa 15:23; Ze 3:1-4; Jn 8:44; Ro 7:13-14)
 - Nations rage against Christ in their rebellious sin; He laughs at their foolishness (PS 2:1-9)
 - Satan-Lost rebel at end of Millennial Kingdom; Christ ends Creation: They prove their Judgment is just (Ro 3:3-8; Re 20:1-11)
- ► True Might <u>frees</u> weak from Sin-Death by His own Sacrifice (1Co 15:50-58)
 - Christ, heir to David' Throne, has <u>legal</u> authority to rule: Millennial Kingdom; sinners who oppose His return are vanquished (2Sa 7:12-16; Ps 110; Is 53; Mt 1:1-17; 25:31-46; Lk 3:23-38)

Authority: Untainted by Sin

- Authority {έξουσία, exousia} Choice, flows from Christ being untainted by Sin
 - Christ chose to die for Man's sins, He was not killed; this command He willingly received from His Father; He did not rebel (Ps 40:6-8; Jn 10:14-18; Ro 5:6-11; He 10:5-10)
 - ► Sinless Christ chose to come in sinful Flesh and die for People (Ro 8:1-3; He 2:14-18)
 - Sin had no Control over Christ (Ro 6:1-9; 1Co 15:50-58; Col 1:11-14; He 2:14-15; Ja 1:13; Re 21:3-4)
 - Christ continues until <u>all</u> who *claim* authority kneel in submission to His <u>legal</u> reign (Jn 7:17-18; Ep 1:19-22; 6:12-13)
 - At end of Millennial Kingdom Christ completes His victory; then He chooses to give authority <u>back</u> to the Father remaining submissive to the Father as we to Christ (1Co 15:24-28; Re 20:7-15; 21:1-8; 22:1-5)
- \triangleright έξουσία, Choice, throughout δόξα; μεγαλωσύνη and κράτος: Sinlessness
 - ► Sin robs Man of Choice; all are enslaved to Death-Satan (Ps 51:5; Ro 6:12-18; 1Jo 3:4-10)

Immutable: Christ's Nature Never Changes

- Christ's nature, shared with the Father, never changes; Immutable (He 13:8-14; Ja 1:16-18)
 - ► God-Christ <u>chose</u> us *before* this world; He never repents of His *Choice* (Nu 23:19; Jn 10:28-30; Ro 9:11-16)
- ► God completes His Plan in this Creation which He formed in eternity past and continues in eternity future (Ro 11:29; Ep 1:3-14)
 - ▶ We did <u>not</u> choose, thus neither can we lose, salvation; even though we sin (1Jo 1:8-10)
- ► These qualities of Christ-Father-Spirit are the basis of our *New Nature* (2Co 5:17)
 - ► Rebellious *Old Nature* rejects God by misusing Ten Words {Law} justifying self by superficial works which Christ debunked in Mount Sermon (Mt 5:17-32; Ro 4:13-25; 7:7-14)
 - Our Flesh always rebels against indwelling Spirit clouding our maturity; only by submitting to Christ via indwelling Spirit do we avoid prideful works (Ro 8:3-10; 1Co 13:12)

Stumbling: Implies Not Standing

- We are commanded to Stand: We *stumble* when we move (Ep 6:13-14a)
 - Christ is Our Rock, Cornerstone, upon which All Creation, now and future, is built (1Co 10:1-13; Ep 2:18-22)
 - We are His living stones {Petros} being built up into a living Temple; His body (Mt 16:17-18; 1Pe 2:4-8)
- ▶ We Stand when we <u>submit</u> to Christ: Maturity {Beatitudes} (Mt 5:2-12)
 - ▶ If we stand on our own, we stumble for we move on shifting sand (Mt 7:24-27; 1Co 10:12)
 - We will give account to Christ; let us cling to Him so we will not be ashamed (2Co 5:10)
- He will present Believers to the Father {New Jerusalem-New Earth} clothed in His glory; believers are to look for this city to come as Abraham (Ga 4:21-31; He 11:8-10)
 - We share in His great joy {ἀγαλλίασις, agalliasis}; out pouring of praise; Hebrew Year of Jubilee: metaphor of freedom from sin's debt and slavery (Le 25:8-17; Re 5:10-14)

Summation: Jude Rests in Christ

- Fitting that Jude is placed just prior to Revelations: Revealing Christ's Return
 - > Satan's constant attack is to cast doubt in our minds that Christ will return for us
 - ► He wants us to doubt Christ's faithfulness so we will work from our strength as Man and Woman originally (Ge 3:1-5)
 - Immature Believers will turn aside eschewing Christ's wisdom to their determent
 - ▶ They are the doorway for False Teachers and their heresies to enter churches
- Christ will return; He will keep His people from falling away
 - World will fall away
 - Religions will fall away
 - Family and friends not saved will fall away
- He never leaves nor forsakes us so let us stand with Him outside the World forever singing with His great Joy this Doxology of Serving as He Served Us (He 13:5, 13-15)