Lesson D4: Walking on Water

Matchew 8:23-27, 14:22-86, Psalm 107:1-8, 23-82,

(Mark 6:45-56; John 6:16-21)

- **I. SENT INTO A STORM** (22-24; Ps 135:5-7)
 - A. <u>Intentional</u> (22)—He deliberately sent them into the storm.
 - **1.** <u>Immediately</u>—conveys a sense of purpose and progression
 - 2. He made them—it was Jesus' idea/command, that put them in this situation
 - **B. Detailed**—Jesus set the stage for the ideal learning experience.
 - 1. The Environment (24; Jn 6:19)—unstable and uncontrollable, rocking the boat
 - 2. His Absence (22, 8:23-26)—this time without the reassurance of His physical presence
 - **3. The <u>Timing</u>** (23)
 - a. When Evening Came (John 6:17)—everything is worse at night in the dark
 - **b.** In Fourth Watch of the Night (3-6:00 AM)—He let them struggle for a while
 - C. <u>Supervised</u>—They were not left unattended in a dangerous situation.
 - II. <u>ATTENDED BY THE LORD</u> (25-27)—Jesus was not tuned out.
 - A. Jesus watched over them from the mountain
 - **1.** He observed them. (Mk 6:48)—He saw them "making headway painfully"
 - 2. He prayed for them. (23; Lk 22:31-32)—keeping track of them and praying
 - **B.** Jesus <u>came to</u> them on the sea. (Ps 104:3)—The wind and waves are His wind and waves; they come and go at His command.

- **C.** Jesus <u>answered</u> them when they <u>cried out</u>. (27, 30; Ps 18:3-6, 16-17; 34:4-6; Lam 3:52-58) God hears the cries of His children and His heart goes out to them.
 - 1. He responded <u>immediately</u>.
 - **2.** He <u>spoke</u> to reassure them when they were afraid. (27)—Jesus is the ultimate messenger of God's comforting grace.
 - 3. He <u>reached out</u> and <u>took hold of</u> Peter when he was sinking. (Joel 2:32/Acts2:21/Rom 10:13)—"Everyone who calls upon the name of the Lord will be saved."
- III. <u>CALLED TO FAITH</u> (28-33)—Peter gets out of the boat and walks on the water.
 - A. Recognizing Jesus' Authority (28; Phil 4:13) "If it's you, command me to come to you!"
 - **1. Verifying Identity**—Make sure it's Jesus; then you may safely obey Him.
 - **2.** Waiting for the Command—Use God's power to obey God, not on a personal whim.
 - B. Getting Out of the Boat—a step of faith
 - 1. Personal Commitment—obeying His command and trusting Him with your life
 - **2.** <u>Deliberate Action</u> (Jas 2:17-18)—True faith is not passive; it moves toward Jesus and does what He does.
 - C. Starting to Sink—faltering faith
 - 1. <u>Losing Focus</u>—looking at the problem instead of to Christ; distracted
 - 2. <u>Self-reliance</u>—feeling confident enough to take your eyes off Jesus—not a good idea!
 - $\textbf{3.} \ \ \underline{\textbf{Fear}} \text{focus on the storm, think of ourselves in relation to the problem without Christ}$
 - **D.** The Cry of Faith (30)—"Lord, Save Me!" Regardless of my circumstance, He is my Savior.
 - **1.** Jesus is <u>able</u> to save. (Ps 93:3-4)
 - 2. Jesus is willing to save.
- IV. <u>COMPELLED TO WORSHIP</u> (33)—"worshiped him saying, 'Truly, you are the Son of God.""
 - A. Demonstration of Divinity
 - **1. God alone walks on the water.** (Job 9:8) —No OT Prophet walked on water.
 - 2. "I AM" is with us. (27; Ex 3:14)—"Don't be afraid. I am." God's Covenant Name.

- B. The Son of God (8:22)—They are at least approaching the idea of a divine Messiah.
- C. The Antidote to Fear—Worship focuses on God, a reality greater than the storm.